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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/634,427	. 08/05/2003	Arun P. Aneja	DP7010 USNA	8309
43693	7590 07/08/2005		EXAMINER	
INVISTA NORTH AMERICA S.A.R.L.			BOYKIN, TERRESSA M	
	LE FALLS CENTRE/105 RVILLE ROAD	Z	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WILMINGTO	ON, DE 19808	•	1711	
			DATE MAILED: 07/08/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summer	10/634,427	ANEJA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Terressa M. Boykin	1711	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address -	•
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may ly within the statutory minimum of t will apply and will expire SIX (6) M e. cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communica ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)	tion.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 J	July 2005		
<u> </u>	s action is non-final.		
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowa		atters prosecution as to the merits	ie
closed in accordance with the practice under		-	13
Disposition of Claims	•		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	wn from consideration.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	•	
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 August 2003</u> is/are:		bjected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority document			
2. Certified copies of the priority document			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio		n received in this National Stage	
application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list		t received	
455 the account detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies fic	i i eceiveu.	
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Attachment(s)	🗖 .	- ·	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>5-12-05</u> .		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Ac	ction Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 7-5	5-05 1 <i>0</i>

Art Unit: 1711

Claim Rejections - 35 USC 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 5955196 see abstract, cols. 2-5 and claims 1-2 and 26 through 30

US 5955196 discloses a polyethylene terephthalate (PET) copolymer modified with 20 mole percent naphthalate repeat units ("PETN-20") was prepared in a 56 liter, melt polymerization reactor as follows: Fibers of this reference prepared from polyester containing both terephthalate and 2,6-naphthalate units exhibit desirable shrinkage when heated at elevated temperatures.

35 USC 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at

Art Unit: 1711

the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USP 5955196 see abstract, cols. 2-5 and claims 1-2 and 26 through 30.

US 5955196 discloses a polyethylene terephthalate (PET) copolymer modified with 20 mole percent naphthalate repeat units ("PETN-20") was prepared in a 56 liter, melt polymerization reactor as follows: Fibers of this reference prepared from polyester containing both terephthalate and 2,6-naphthalate units exhibit desirable shrinkage when heated at elevated temperatures

The reference discloses a copolymer prepared from the same components as claimed by applicants except for the particular formation of the fibers into a batt or cluster. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the fibers to form a batt or cluster since such use of fibers is vastly and widely known and performed.

Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as unobviousness and accordingly is unpatentable.

Response to arguments

Applicant's arguments regarding 20040242105 have been considered but are not persuasive. Applicants state that the reference does not disclose the claimed invention. The reference discloses that the synthetic fiber can be polyester such as polyethylene terephthalate, polybutylene terephthalate, polyethylene naphthalate, or polypropylene terephthalate, or a *mixture* of these., i.e. Polyethylene terephthalate and

Art Unit: 1711

polyethylene naphthalate mixture would anticipate applicants claim as broadly written.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US 20040242105 page 1 paragraph 2 through page 3 paragraph 0042, Table 1, Table 3, Table 5, Table 8, example 1, claims 8, 13, 14-20.

Applicants' claims 1 and 2 which are directed to fibers comprising a copolymer of poly(ethylene terephthalate and poly(ethylene naphthalate), (PETN) and the method for making such, note that the reference **US 20040242105** discloses a process for making a light-weight, high loft nonwoven fabric. The process adds a drafter to a conventional nonwoven process in order to increase the production rate. Additionally, the invented process improves the quality of the manufactured fabric by increasing the tensile strength in the machine direction, providing balanced strength in the machine and cross directions, and enhancing resiliency. The process blends polyester fiber with a low melt fiber or low melt bicomponent fiber to form a web. The

Art Unit: 1711

web is optionally carded and cross lapped before being drafted. Thereafter, the web is heated in an oven having sufficient heat to melt the low melt fiber then cooled to set the properties.

The synthetic fiber can be polyester such as polyethylene terephthalate, polybutylene terephthalate, polyethylene naphthalate, or polypropylene terephthalate, or a mixture of these; polyamide such as nylon 6 or nylon 6,6, or a mixture of these; polyolefin such as polyethylene or polypropylene, or a mixture of these; polyacrylic such as polyacrylonitrile, cellulose acetate, melamine, and rayon, or a mixture of these, or copolymers based on any of these. The reference discloses a conventional process for making high loft nonwoven fabric, wherein low melt fibers are used as the binder. polyester fibers and low melt fibers are blended together in a hopper, for example, and deposited onto a moving conveyor belt forming a batt. The speed of the conveyor belt determines the thickness of the batt.

With regard to applicants' claim 3 which is directed to a poly(ethylene naphthalate) fiber wherein the fiber has a denier per filament in the range of 1 to 30, note that the reference disclose in Example 1 and table 1 a denier per filament which overlaps that of the claimed invention.

With regard to applicants' claims 4 and 5 which is directed to a poly(ethylene naphthalate) fiber wherein the fiber has a round scalloped oval, hollow, trilobal hollow or four-hole cross section and comprising clusters thereof, note that the reference discloses throughout the fibers used there in as well as the uniformity of the fibers produced.

Art Unit: 1711

With regard to applicants' claim 6 which is directed to clusters comprising a blend of dry poly(ethylene naphthalate) fibers and slickened poly(ethylene naphthalate) fibers, note that the reference discloses High loft, nonwoven fabrics are principally formed of a polyester blend having a low melt binder. The low melt binder is either a bicomponent fiber, or a low melting fiber having a lower melting temperature than the polyester fiber, or a latex resin applied to the fibers, either as a spray or a powder.

With regard to applicants' claim 7 which is directed batt comprising poly(ethylene naphthalate) fiber having either a cross-lapped or vertical folded configuration, note Table 8, claims 8, 13, 14-20 of the reference.

With regard to applicants' claims 8 and 9 are directed to a batt having an initial bulk in the range of 4.2 to 5.1 or a residual bulk in the range of .47 to .50, note Tables 3 and 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kenneth Mason Publications vol. 284 no 42 December 1987 "Terephthalate -co-naphthalene dicarboxylate copolyester " Research disclosure.

Art Unit: 1711

See nonpatent literature as disclosed by applicants'.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated JP 61-266613 as disclosed by applicants information disclosure statement.

JP 61-266613 discloses a polyester containing terephthalic acid as main acid component is copolymerized with 0.1W20mol% compound of formula I (R is H or 1W2C alkyl) and compounded with 0.01W3wt% titanium dioxide. The produced polyester resin is spun under melting at a take-up speed of ≥2,000m/min. The titanium dioxide has an average particle diameter of ≤0.50µm and a particle distribution ratio ([r]=D25/D73) of ≤2.3. The amount of coarse particle of ≥1.5µm diameter accounts for ≤0.5wt% of the whole particle weight. The compound of formula I is preferably 2,6-naphthalenedicarboxylic acid, dimethyl 2,6-naphthalene dicarboxylate or diethyl 2,6-naphthalenedicarboxylate of formula II.

In view of the above, there appears to be no significant difference between the references and that which is claimed by applicant(s). Any differences not specifically mentioned appear to be conventional. Consequently, the claimed invention cannot be deemed as novel and accordingly is unpatentable.

Correspondence

Please note that the cited U.S. patents and patent application publications are available for download via the Office's PAIR. As an alternate source, all U.S. patents and patent application publications are available on the USPTO web site (www.uspto.gov), from the Office of Public Records and from commercial sources. Applicants may be referred to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc/index.html or 1-866-217-9197.

Art Unit: 1711

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Terressa Boykin whose telephone number is 571 272-1069. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 6:30am to 3:00pm.

Page 8

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. The general information number for listings of personnel is (571-272-1700).

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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